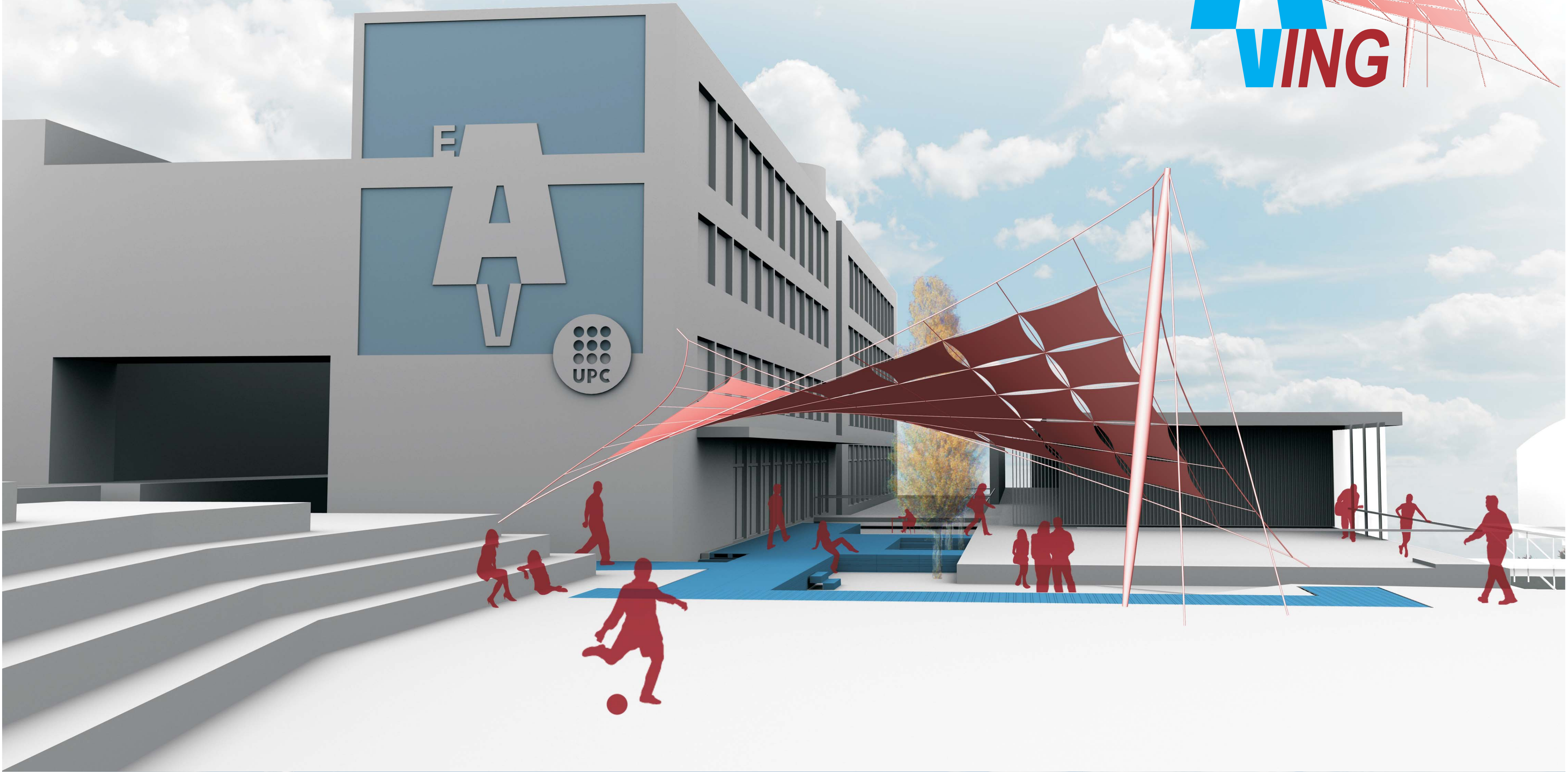
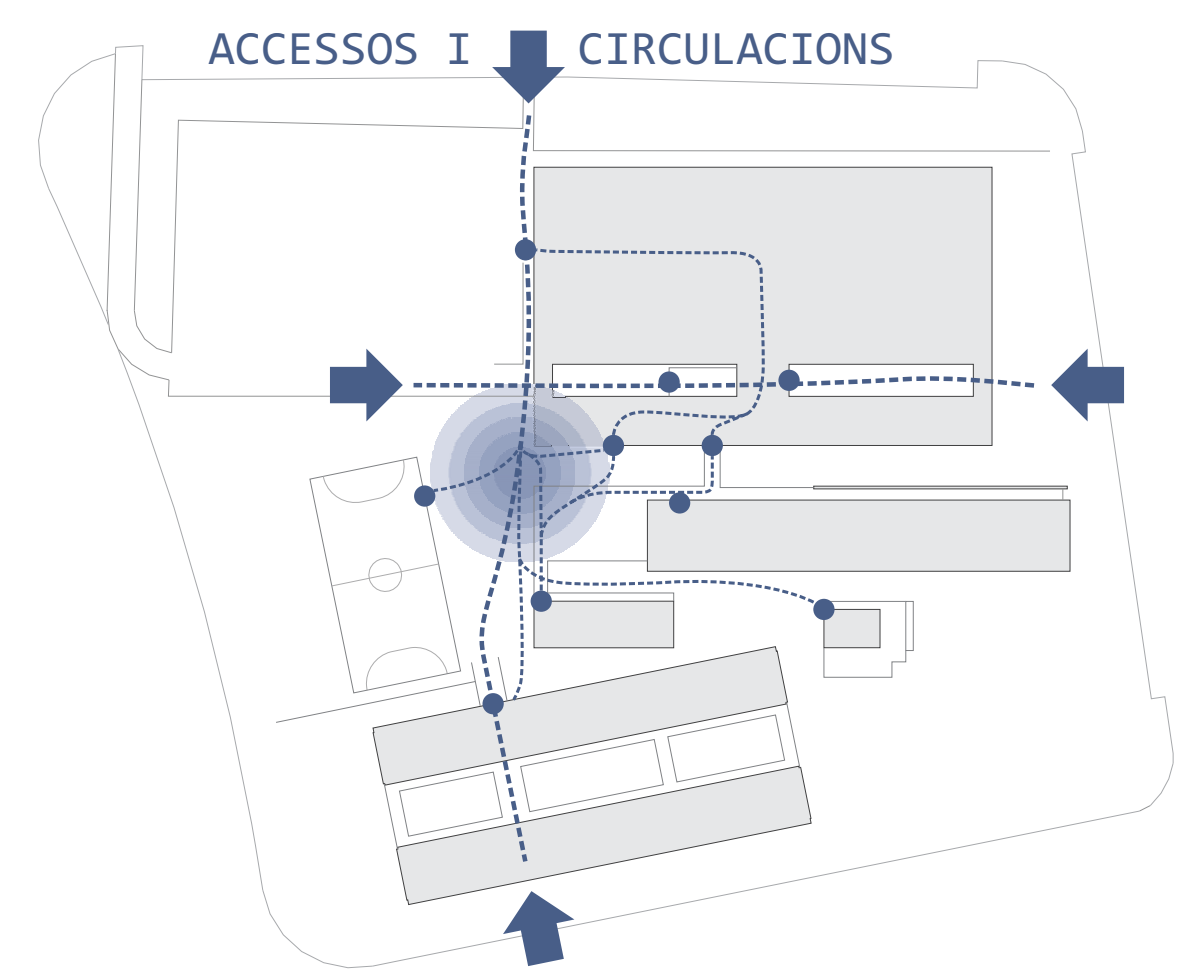
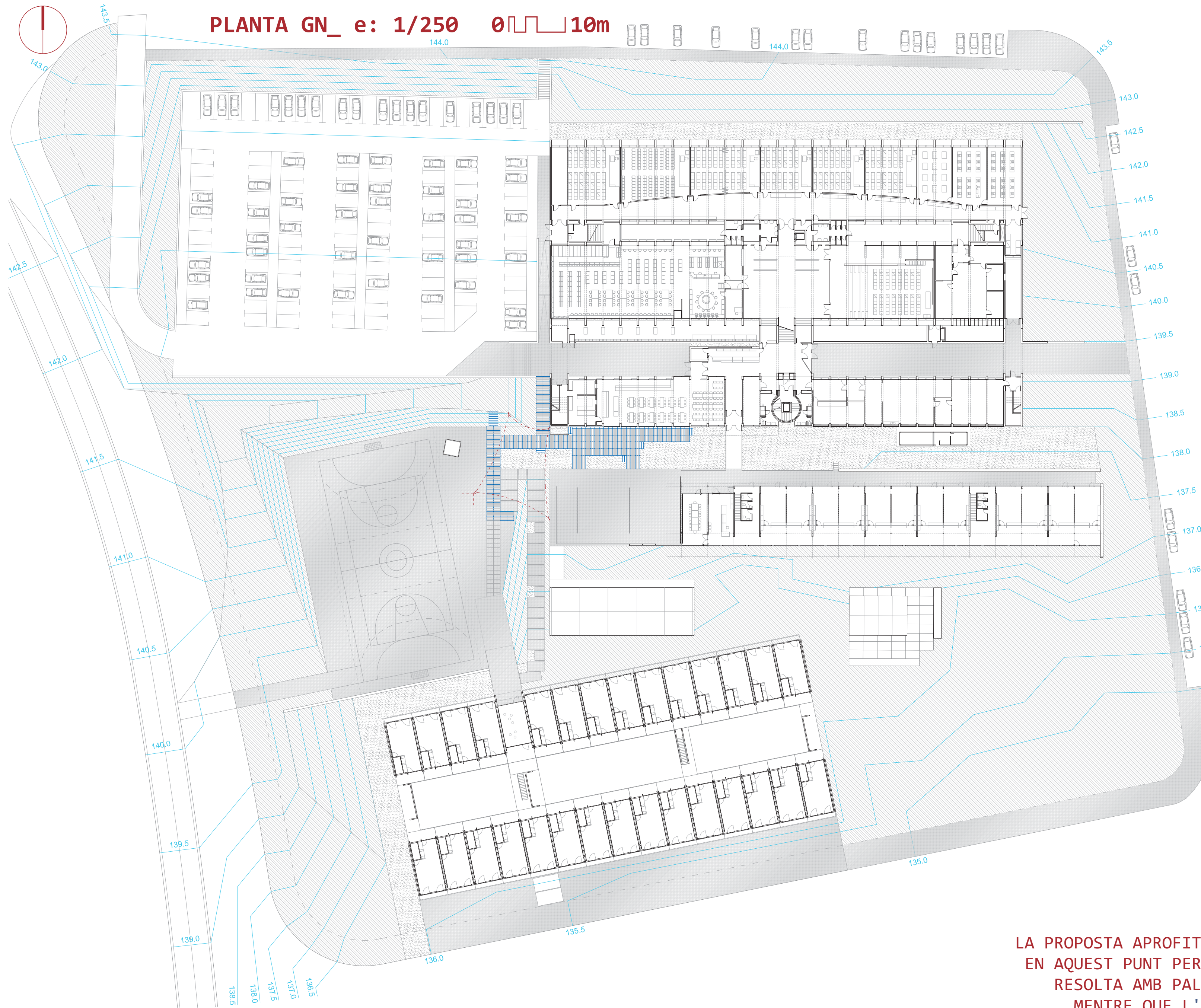
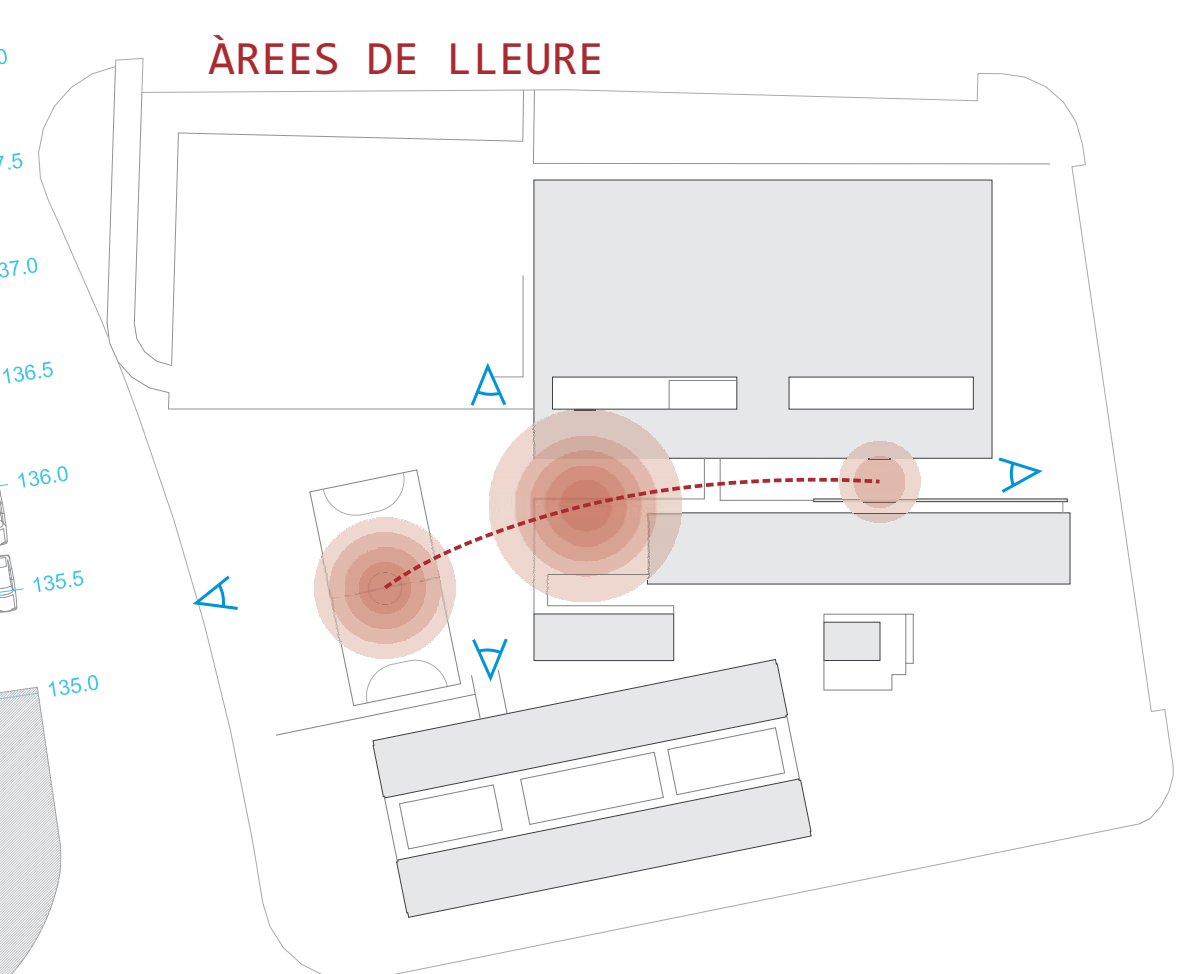


ALÇAT SUD_ e: 1/250 0 10m



EL PROJECTE INTENTA RESOLDRE ELS FUXES CIRCULATORIS EN EL PUNT DE MÉS CONVERGÈNCIA ENTARIMANT AMB PALETS PER TAL D'ACONSEGUIR LA COTA ÚNICA A +139m



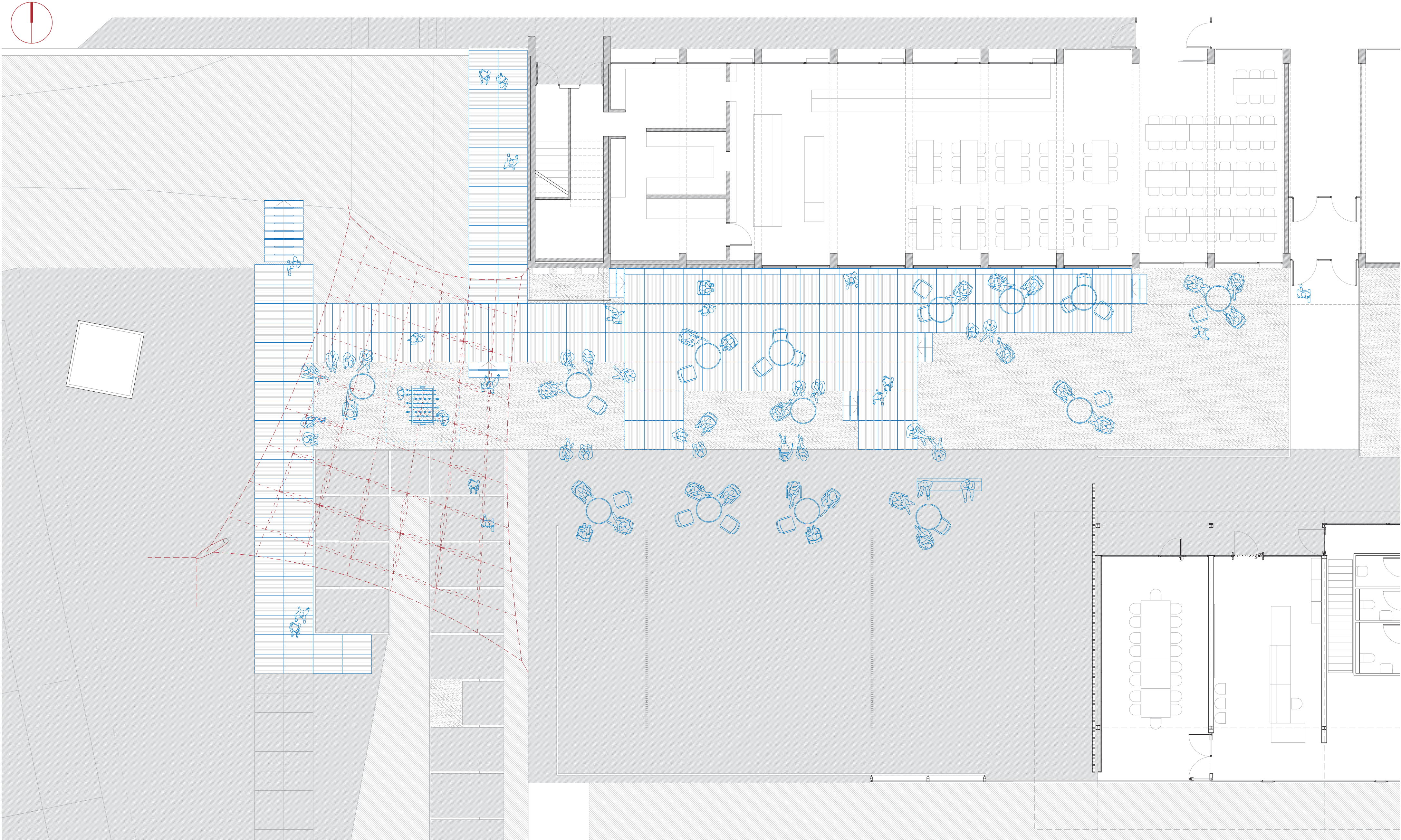
L'ESPAI AIXOPLUGAT ES COL·LOCA SOBRE L'EIX QUE ALINIA ELS PRINCIPALS NODES DE LLEURE COINCIDENT AMB EL PUNT QUE REB MÉS VISUALS DEL COMPLEXE

LA PROPOSTA APROFITA LA CONFLUÈNCIA DE “LLEURE” I “CIRCULACIÓ” EN AQUEST PUNT PER FER-LOS INTERACTUAR PLEGATS. LA CIRCULACIÓ RESOLTA AMB PALETS GENERA UNES ÀREES ENFONSADES DE LLEURE, MENTRE QUE L'ESPAI COBERT AIXOPLUGA EL NODE CIRCULATORI.



ALÇAT OEST_ e: 1/250 0 10m

PLANTA ACTUACIÓ_ e: 1/250 0 10m



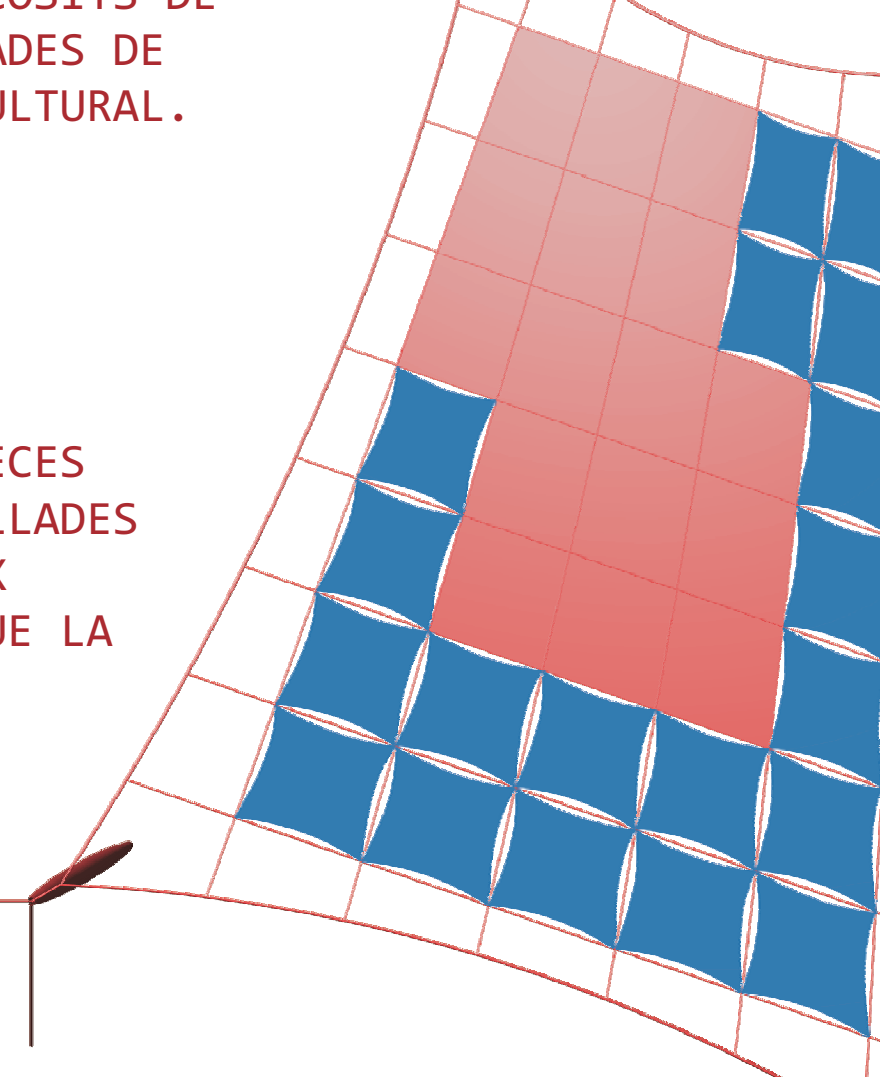
B

A



OPUGADA:
TÍNUA A BASE
NTS COSITS DE
CICLADES DE
DA CULTURAL.

RA: PECES
I TALLADES
ATEIX
GE QUE LA



RA:
LS DOS PUNTS BAIXOS DE
TURA ENVOLTEN EL PERÍMETRE

A schematic diagram of a roof truss system. The truss is supported by a cable that runs diagonally upwards from a fixed point on the left to a joint on the truss. The truss itself is a triangular structure with a horizontal base and two inclined members meeting at a peak. The base is supported by a thick, grey rectangular foundation. The cable is shown with a pulley or anchor at the top left and a smaller pulley or connection point where it meets the truss.

PRESSUPOST wEAVIng

capital disponible			
presupost projecte			2000
premi			500
aportació personal projectistes			1000
financiament d'altres donacions o adjuts			150
		TOTAL	3650

The diagram illustrates a hierarchical tree structure, likely representing a classification or clustering algorithm. The root node on the left branches into several main categories, which further subdivide into numerous smaller nodes. Some nodes are highlighted in yellow and red, indicating specific areas of interest or classification.

Figure 1 consists of six sub-diagrams labeled (a) through (f), illustrating the evolution of a network structure. Each diagram shows a set of nodes (represented by small circles) and edges (represented by lines) forming a complex, interconnected network. The nodes are arranged in a roughly circular pattern, with edges connecting them in a way that suggests a hierarchical or branching structure. The diagrams show the network at different stages of its development, with the number of nodes and edges increasing from (a) to (f). The nodes are color-coded, with a gradient from red to green, and the edges are color-coded with a gradient from red to green. The diagrams are arranged in a row, with (a) on the left and (f) on the right.